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CHEESE SOCIAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Capitals	Items available
Human capital	n° of employees:
	-Organization
	-Media
	-Security
	-Info points
	n° of exhibitors and vendors (divided by type of product presented in
	the field of food and beverage)
	n° of "affineurs" and selectors
	n° of volunteers
	n° of employees of other Entities and Organizations that
	collaborate directly (e.g., City of Bra, Slow Food,etc.)
	n° of people intervening in each booth (divided by product an topic
	e.g. shepherds, cooks)
	n° of main partners (e.g., PARMIGIANO REGGIANO, Reale Mutua,
	etc.)
	n° of green partners (e.g., Ricrea, Pool Pack,etc.)
Manufacturing capital	Handmade products (e.g., cheese, beers, etc.)
	Pavilions rented
	Food and beverage parallel and additional services (bars,
	restaurants)
Financial capital	Transfers from institutions
	Sponsorships
	Rents paid
	Salaries paid
	Reimbursements given to volunteers
	Value of services provided to personnel and visitors
	Monetary transactions among vendors and visitors
	Fees and taxes paid
Organizational capital	n° of internal meetings and subjects involved in the organization
	n° of meetings with other parties:

	-Public Institutions		
	-Slow Food		
	-Main foundations (e.g., Fondazione CRC, Langhe Monferrato Roero)		
	-Main partners		
	-Vendors and direct participants		
	Type of training followed by volunteers for the event		
Natural capital	Water Consumption		
	Electricity consumption		
	Land and property at the disposal for the event		
	Raw materials involved in the production processes of the products		

The Theory of Change (ToC) provides framework for the proper understanding and addressing of the impact of some specific plans and strategies on a given condition, in which those have not been implemented yet. It is crucial to underline the importance of this tool in the field of the strategic and risk management, given its ability to smartly allow users to easily and schematically assess the hypothetical performance of some particular actions, decisions, activities, events, involving the usage of financial, natural, human, manufacturing and organizational resources (as the capitals adopted in this particular case study). In this specific literature, by primarily pointing the inputs used, connected to some other specific practical activities which are going to be performed to reach some particular goals, it has been possible to understand the further effects linked to the usage of those inputs. The direct evolution from the utilization of the inputs is represented by the different outputs generated, successively some medium-term achievements and further long-term final effects will be registered and analyzed under the voices "OUTCOME" and "IMPACT". A further connection to the planned sustainable goals established by the Agenda 2030 has been additionally provided.

By analyzing the general and larger picture through the Theory of Change, it is possible to underline how the comprehensive impact of the fair "Cheese" will provide many positive implications to the directly involved City of Bra and to the general context linked to the "Food & Beverage" industry. The primary beneficial will collect important amount of financial resources, and allow the underneath community to prosper as well. Additional know-how will be benefitted as well by all the private and public entities involved. Socially and environmentally, more awareness and acknowledgment connecte to the culture of qualitative food and raw materials will be spread, and will eventually influence the consumer's future choices having possibly a direct impact on environmental issues.

The data collection process has been achieved by a previous understanding on the issues and projects involved, by the consultation of the available course material on Moodle. Furtherly, direct data have been discovered in the Cheese's official website and in the Global

Indicator Framework. The information has been then synthetized and processed following the guidelines provided to complete the groupwork.

INPUT	OUTPUT	OUTCOME	IMPACT	SDGs
Human capital:	Preparation and further	Public provision of work	Higher personal income	
	availability of the fair and	opportunities and		GOOD HEALTH
n° of employees:	the related services	experiences	Increase of market share,	GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING
-Organization			deeper products	AND WELL-BEING
-Media	Direct offering and	Business opportunities,	acknowledgement,	
-Security	insertion in the market of	enlargement of customers	stimulation on newer	M . / .
-Cleaning services	top-quality milk-derivates	and colleagues' networks,	customers' needs and	- /W/♥
-Info points	products	significant revenue stream	consumptions	l , , , ,
n° of exhibitors and	Cooperation between	Work experience	Acquisition of social and	
vendors (divided by type of	producer category and	opportunities, free training	working skills	
product presented in the	auxiliary and quality-	services		
field of food and beverage)	guarantors professionals		International networking	10 RESPONSIBLE
	(figure of affineurs and	Promotional campaigns,	and culinary exchange	CONSUMPTION
n° of "affineurs" and	selectors)	public funds for territorial		AND PRODUCTION
selectors		activities	Higher visibility and	
			cultural impact	
n° of volunteers	Provision of crucial	Marketing activities, social		
	services without any	and cultural awareness	Significant awareness on	
n° of employees of other	financial burden on public	purposes	environmental and	
Entities and	and private organizers		product-quality related	
Organizations that		Marketing aims, market-	issues	
collaborate directly (e.g.,	Provision of information	share enlargement		
City of Bra, Slow	services connected to the			
Food,etc.)	businesses presenting their	Social and cultural awareness		
	products	purposes		
n° of people intervening in	A '1 1 '1', C 11' 1			
each booth (divided by	Availability of publicly-			
product and topic e.g.,	given speeches concerning			
shepherds, cooks)	social and environmental			

n° of main partners (e.g., PARMIGIANO REGGIANO, Reale Mutua, etc.) n° of green partners (e.g., Ricrea, Pool Pack, etc.)	themes connected to the food-sector RELATED ACTIVITIES: B2C selling; cross-business communication and collaboration; seminaries; public explanation of keypreparations and processing related to the products exhibited			9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE
Manufacturing capital: Handmade products (e.g., cheese, beers, etc.) Pavilions rented Food and beverage parallel and additional services (bars, restaurants)	Direct presence and availability of the milk-derivates high quality products Availability of stands, and physical ubications for exhibition, sales and information purposes Availability of refreshment-dedicated spots and contingent provision of food and beverages RELATED ACTIVITIES: Sales of exhibited products; sales of	Communication and spreading of territorial and international quality products Expositions by product type experts	Direct economic impact (sales during the fair) Indirect economic impact (increased sales after the fair) Better consumer's perception and higher curiosity on the event Improved customer's opinion on private and public entities involved Vehiculation of wiser food culture related to quality issues and environmental problems	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH 3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

	additional goods provided; stands-linked activities and services provided (gadgets, games, product samples offering)			
Financial capital: Transfers from institutions Sponsorships Rents paid Salaries paid Reimbursements given to volunteers Value of services provided to personnel and visitors Monetary transactions among vendors and visitors Fees and taxes paid	Money directly collected by vendors and institutions involved Inflow of money in public institutions' accounts Financial exchange of capital between fair-related entities and third-parties (non-public rents, sponsorships) RELATED ACTIVITIES: Sales, collection of money	Economic value derived by public institutions Economic value cashed through sponsorship Economic value paid to employees, professionals, and personnel Investment in fixed assets Economic value contributed to the public authorities for the provisions of land and services Economic value generated by guests and participants in the territory Economic value of money collected through public levies	Incidence of direct and indirect economic value generated by the fair Incidence indirect economic value gained by sponsors and partners Direct economic impact (sales during the fair) Incidence of economic value provided volunteering Incidence of public economic value in public funds and governmental budget	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH 11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES HERE

Organizational capital	Adequate preparation and	Overall well-performing	Improved know-how	
	organization	results of the fair	provided by a network of	
n° of internal meetings and			excellent partners	/ QUALITY
subjects involved in the	Strong security and first	Consolidation of networking		4 EDUCATION
organization	aid systems	activities in actual systems of	Creation of a network to	30.00
	G 1: '.1 11'	communication and	support the event	
n° of meetings with other	Sponsorship with public	cooperation	D 1110	
parties:	and private institutions		Best deals for services cost	
-Public Institutions	D .:	Customer-relationship	T 1 1 1 1	
-Slow Food	Participation of related	management skills and	Improved legal, security	
-Main foundations (e.g.,	parties	properties	and medical affairs	
Fondazione CRC, Langhe	Wide offer for the clients	D1	I1	DECENT WORK AND
Monferrato Roero)	wide offer for the chefts	Development of skills for staff and volunteers	Involvement of young	ECONOMIC GROWTH
-Main partners -Vendors and direct	Massive participation of	stair and volunteers	people as volunteers	5
participants	volunteers	General and comprehensive		
participants	Volunteers	attention on the fair and		
Type of training followed	Rising interest in the event	success of the exhibition		
by volunteers for the event	rasing interest in the event	success of the exhibition		
	RELATED			
	ACTIVITIES:			Q GOOD HEALTH
	Risk management and			AND WELL-BEING
	strategic managementt			Λ
	activities implemented;			A . / \
	intense dialogue between			<i>-</i> ∕ <i>N</i> /♥
	the parties; training			V V
	services enabled			

Natural capital:	General accessibility and	Visitors, possible investors,	Direct impact on city's and	AFFORDABLE AND
	sustainability of the fair and	customers, and societal	regional pollution	CLEAN ENERGY
Water Consumption	the connected activities,	consumers affluence to the	(connected to the travels	CLEAN ENERGY
	services and products	fair.	bringing visitors to the fair)	V17
Electricity consumption	services and products	1411.	orniging visitors to the full)	
Electricity consumption	DELATED	Charing and distribution of	III-mathatical maste of	
	RELATED	Sharing and distribution of	Hypothetical waste of	
Land and property at the	ACTIVITIES:	social, environmental,	some resources at the	/ [\
disposal for the event		economic, and financial	disposal of staff and	
	Public provision of water	value	visitors	
Raw materials involved in	and electricity; utilization			
the production processes	of portions of territory at	Provision of high-quality	Indirect impact on	
of the products	disposal; processing of raw	products, with information	consumer's critical	A DESPONSIBILE
or one produces	materials and supply chain	*	thinking with respect to	19 RESPONSIBLE
	activities to provide the		some products in the	CONSUMPTION
	<u> </u>	and exhibition of those	<u> </u>	AND PRODUCTION
	final product to the final		market (comparison skills	
	cosumer		achieved)	

DEFINITION OF SPECIFIC IMPACT INDICATORS

Based on the SDGs indicators, specific indicators can be identified that can be adapted to the descriptive needs of the event with an appropriate measurement tool.

SDGS Goal 3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages	Indicator	Standard sub-indicator	Measurement instrument
Goal 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all	4.3 - By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable, quality technical, vocational and third-level education, including university	4.3.1 - Participation rate of youth and adults in non-formal education and training in the past 12 months, by gender 1. Participation in continuing education (Percentage of 25-64 year olds who participated in education and training activities in the 4 weeks prior to the interview out of the total number of 25-64 year olds).	
	4.4 - By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have the necessary skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs, and entrepreneurial skills	4.4.1 - Percentage of youth and adults with information and communication skills (ICT), by type of skill 1. Digital skills at least basic (People aged 16-74 who have at least basic skills for all 4 domains identified by the "Digital competence framework." The domains considered are:	

	4.7 - By 2030, ensure that all students acquire the knowledge and skills necessary to promote sustainable development through, among other things, education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and nonviolence, global citizenship, and appreciation of cultural diversity and culture's contribution to sustainable	information, communication, content creation, problem solving). 2. High digital skills. People aged 16-74 who have advanced skills for all 4 domains identified by the "Digital competence framework." The domains considered are: information, communication, content creation, problem solving. A number of activities (from 4 to 7) were selected for each domain. For each domain a level of competence is assigned depending on the number of activities performed 0=no competence 1=basic level 2 =above basic level. Thus, people aged 16-74 years who for all domains have level 2 have advanced skills. 4.7.1 - Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) sustainable development education are integrated into (a) national education policies, (b) curricula, (c) teacher training, and (d) student assessment	
Goal 8:Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable	contribution to sustainable development. 8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support	8.3.1 Proportion of informal employment in total	Measure the extent to which cheese-related activities
merusive and sustamable	policies that support	Chipioyinchi in total	cheese-related activities

economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all	productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services 8.4 Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production, with developed countries taking the lead 8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products	8.4.2 Domestic material consumption, domestic material consumption per capita, and domestic material consumption per GDP 8.9.1 Tourism direct GDP as a proportion of total GDP and in growth rate	contribute to formal job creation, especially in the micro, small, and medium- sized enterprises (MSMEs) sector. Assess the sustainability of cheese production processes by measuring the domestic material consumption associated with the industry. This includes evaluating resource efficiency and the environmental impact of production. Evaluate the impact of cheese-related activities on sustainable tourism by measuring the contribution of cheese-related tourism to the direct GDP, considering both the proportion to total GDP and the growth rate.
Goal 9. Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation	9.2 Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least	 9.2.1 Manufacturing value added as a proportion of GDP and per capita 9.2.2 Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total Employment 	Measure the increase in manufacturing value added as a proportion of GDP and per capita to assess the event's contribution to economic development.

	9.3 Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets	9.3.1 Proportion of small-scale industries in total industry value added	Evaluate the impact on manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment to understand the event's influence on job creation and industry participation. Assess the proportion of small-scale industries in total industry value added to gauge the event's impact on inclusivity and the integration of small enterprises into the industry
Goal 11. Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable	11.4 Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world's cultural and natural heritage	11.4.1 Total per capita expenditure on the preservation, protection and conservation of all cultural and natural heritage, by source of funding (public, private), type of heritage (cultural, natural) and level of government (national, regional, and local/municipal) 11.a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by	Measure the financial investments made in preserving and protecting cultural and natural heritage related to the Cheese event, considering the source of funding (public, private), the type of heritage (cultural, natural), and the level of government involved. Evaluate the Cheese event's impact on supporting positive economic, social, and environmental

	strengthening national and regional development planning 11.a.1 Number of countries that have national urban policies or regional development plans that (a) respond to population dynamics; (b) ensure balanced territorial development; and (c) increase local fiscal space	connections between urban, peri-urban, and rural areas by examining the presence and effectiveness of national urban policies or regional development plans in the countries represented at the event.

Goal 17. Strengthen the means of implementation and	Evaluate the extent to which global citizenship education and education for sustainable development are integrated into Cheese event activities, considering factors such as inclusion in national education policies, curricula, teacher education, and student assessment.
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revitalize the Global		
Partnership for		
Sustainable Development		